



(=) U.S. markets closed

S&P 500

4,300.17
+124.69 (+2.99%)



Dow 30

34,061.06
+932.27 (+2.81%)



Nasdaq

12,964.86
+401.10 (+3.19%)



Russell 2000

1,951.30
+52.44 (+2.76%)



Crude Oil

107.94
+5.53 (+5.40%)



Ameritrade Call our Trade Desk Sign up now E*TRADE



Quote Lookup

yahoo!finance

Fed raises interest rates by 0.50%, largest move since 2000



Brian Cheung · Reporter

Wed, May 4, 2022, 11:00 AM · 3 min read

In this article:

^GSPC +2.99% ☆ ^TNX -1.45% ☆ GLCNF +2.90% ☆ GI +3

Related Quotes

Symbol	Last Price	Change	% Change
8GC.HM	5.75	+0.05	+0.79%
GLENCORE PLC DL -,01			
GLCNF	6.20	+0.17	+2.90%
Glencore plc			
GLNCY	12.45	+0.47	+3.88%
Glencore plc			
^DJI	34,061.06	+932.27	+2.81%
Dow Jones Industrial Average			
^GSPC	4,300.17	+124.69	+2.99%
S&P 500			

TRENDING

- 'People are now more concerned about the TikTok threat to YouTube,' analyst says

FOMC meeting: Key takeaways from

AMERICANS.



The central bank suggested that it will further raise borrowing costs throughout this year as it attempts to undo its pandemic-era, easy money policies. The policy-setting Federal Open Market Committee also detailed plans on unwinding its nearly \$9 trillion balance sheet.

The decision to raise rates by 0.50% marked the [most aggressive increase made in a single meeting since May 2000](#). Over the last two decades, the Fed has opted to raise interest rates only in increments of 0.25%, with the latest move underscoring the severity that inflation poses at the moment.

“The Committee is highly attentive to inflation risks,” the FOMC said in its updated policy statement.

The Fed is now targeting interest rates in a range between 0.75% and 1.00%, with some Fed officials advocating for raising the target closer to 2.5% by the end of the year.

Fed hikes bleed through the economy in the form of higher interest rates on credit products like credit cards, mortgages, and business loans. Since the Fed’s first post-COVID interest rate hike in mid-March, 30-year fixed mortgage rates have risen by a full percentage point, [to over 5%](#).

The Fed statement noted that it is paying attention to a number of geopolitical risks, noting that COVID-related shutdowns in China are “likely to exacerbate supply chain disruptions.” The FOMC said it is continuing to monitor the economic implications of the invasion of Ukraine by Russia, which may add “additional upward pressure” on inflation.

The decision was unanimously agreed to among the voting members of the committee.

4. Florida Flights Face Worst Delays in Years Thanks to Private Jets and Space Launches

5. Powell Gives Tech a Lift by Taking Larger Hikes off the Table



Book Now

Book Now

Whenever you're ready to travel, we'll be here. Please follow local travel and safety guidelines.



Fed Chairman Jerome Powell testifies during the Senate Banking Committee hearing titled "The Semiannual Monetary Policy Report to the Congress", in Washington, U.S., March 3, 2022. Tom Williams/Pool via REUTERS

Balance sheet update

The Fed also officially unveiled a strategy to shrink its asset holdings, after buying trillions of dollars in U.S. Treasuries and agency mortgage-backed securities to contain COVID's impact on financial markets.

Because the duration-based securities ultimately mature, the Fed has maintained its asset holdings by reinvesting principal payments back into similar securities.

The central bank announced Wednesday that beginning June 1, it will allow up to \$47.5 billion a month — \$30 billion in U.S. Treasuries and \$17.5 billion in mortgage-backed securities — to roll off its balance sheet. That pace will hold from June through August until September, when the Fed ramps that cap up to \$95 billion (\$60 billion in U.S. Treasuries and \$35 billion in mortgage-backed securities).

The Fed hopes the process will allow it to reduce its \$9 trillion in holdings, although the central bank has not clarified how small it will allow its balance sheet to shrink.

"The Committee is prepared to adjust any of the details of its approach to reducing the size of the balance sheet in light of economic and financial developments," the Fed said in a separate statement detailing the plans.

The Fed's next meeting will take place June 14 and 15.



Brian Cheung is a reporter covering the Fed, economics, and banking for Yahoo Finance. You can follow him on Twitter @bcheungz.

- [Read the latest financial and business news from Yahoo Finance](#)

Follow Yahoo Finance on [Twitter](#), [Facebook](#), [Instagram](#), [Flipboard](#), [LinkedIn](#), [YouTube](#), and [reddit](#)

READ MORE

The Fed is about to do something it has not done in two decades: Morning Brief

Yahoo Finance · 5 min read



San Francisco Fed President Mary Daly speaks with Yahoo Finance [Transcript]

Yahoo Finance · 17 min read



San Francisco Fed President: Interest rates to move 'expeditiously' higher

Yahoo Finance · 2 min read



AIG Direct



STARTING AT \$19/month MALE AGE 40



STARTING \$17/mor FEMALE AG